

SPB204 + STM32F1,F4 Quick Start Guide

1 Introduction

This guide will help you to compile the program and download it to either the STM32F10E-Eval or STM32F324xG-Eval board. The STM32F10E board does not have a touchdisplay and the demo application has to be run via a console interface.

This getting started guide as well as all development tools and documentation is updated frequently. Please visit www.hd-wireless.se/software&tools and look for an up to date version of this guide and associated software and development tools before you begin installing this kit.

2 Requirements

- H&D wireless SPB204 802.11b+g module
- STM3210E or STM324xG Evaluation board
- SD to Micro-SD adapter
- USB to USART adapter (In STM3210E eval case) or USB to serial TTL-level adapter (in STM324xG eval case).
- GCC toolchain, Openocd, Linux and a terminal program e.g. Minicom.
- JTAG debugger (Jlink, Rlink or similar)

3 Getting started with H&D SPB204 + STM3210E(F1) or STM324xG(F4)



- Power down the eval board
- Insert the SPB204 SDIO Wi-Fi card into the SD-Adapter SD end and the Micro-SD end to the eval board Micro SD port.
- Connect the USB-USART adapter between the PC and the USART1 port on STM3210E board. The USART-ports on the STM324xG cannot be used (because of shared resources). If the STM324xG board is to be used, a USB to serial TTL-level adapter with 2.5" connectors has to be used. Connect the USB end to PC and the TTL-connectors to the STM324xG pinheaders as follows:
RX to CN2 Pin 32, TX to CN2 Pin 33, GND to CN3 Pin 50.
- Connect a debugger (Jlink or Rlink or similar) to the JTAG connector on the board.
- Start a serial port terminal (e.g. Linux Minicom or similar) Serial port settings: 115200-8-N-1.

4 Compiling the HTTP demo application

The Wi-Fi library is compiled with GCC, the toolchain can be downloaded here:

<http://www.mentor.com/embedded-software/sourcery-tools/sourcery-codebench/editions/lite-edition/>

Download the EABI Release

Submit registration

Select "Sourcery G++ Lite 2011.03-42" in the link obtained through the "confirm email".

Download "IA32 GNU/Linux Installer" or "IA32 GNU/Linux TAR"

Make sure that the arm-none-eabi- tools are in your path.

Drivers from the ST Standard Peripheral Libraries are used and need to be downloaded.

These can be downloaded here:

For STM3210E:

http://www.st.com/st-web-ui/static/active/en/st_prod_software_internet/resource/technical/software/firmware/stsw-stm32054.zip

For STM324xG:

http://www.st.com/st-web-ui/static/active/en/st_prod_software_internet/resource/technical/software/firmware/stm32f4_dsp_stdperiph_lib.zip

To compile using the provided makefile in the gcc/ directory, open a terminal in Linux and type in these commands:

For STM3210E-eval type:

```
$ cd path/to/owl_stm32-r7634/platform/stm32/apps/http_server/gcc
$ export STM32F10x_STD_PERIPH_BASE=/path/to/STM32F10x_StdPeriph_Lib_V3.5.0
$ make BOARD=STM3210E_EVAL CONFIG=(sta,ap) (sta for station mode and ap for access point mode)
```

For STM324xG-eval type:

```
$ cd path/to/owl_stm32-r7634
$ export STM32F4xx_STD_PERIPH_BASE=/path/to/STM32F4xx_DSP_StdPeriph_Lib_V1.0.1
$ make BOARD=STM324xG_EVAL CONFIG=(sta,ap) (sta for station mode and ap for access point mode)
```


When this is done, the screen should look like this:

```

http://openocd.sourceforge.net/doc/doxygen/bugs.html
Info : only one transport option; autoselect 'jtag'
adapter speed: 1000 kHz
adapter_nsrst_delay: 100
jtag_nrst_delay: 100
cortex_m3 reset config sysresetreq
Info : J-Link initialization started / target CPU reset initiated
Info : J-Link ARM V8 compiled May 27 2009 17:31:22
Info : J-Link caps 0xb0ff7bbf
Info : J-Link hw version 80000
Info : J-Link hw type J-Link
Info : J-Link max mem block 9752
Info : J-Link configuration
Info : USB-Address: 0xff
Info : Klckstart power on JTAG-pin 19: 0xffffffff
Info : Vref = 3.267 TCK = 1 TDI = 0 TDO = 0 TMS = 0 SRST = 0 TRST = 0
Info : J-Link JTAG Interface ready
Info : clock speed 1000 kHz
Info : JTAG tap: stm32f4x.cpu tap/device found: 0x4ba00477 (mfg: 0x23b, part: 0x
ba00, ver: 0x4)
Info : JTAG tap: stm32f4x.bs tap/device found: 0x06413041 (mfg: 0x020, part: 0x6
413, ver: 0x0)
Info : stm32f4x.cpu: hardware has 6 breakpoints, 4 watchpoints
-----
TargetName      Type      Endian TapName      State
-----
0* stm32f4x.cpu cortex_m3 little stm32f4x.cpu running
Info : JTAG tap: stm32f4x.cpu tap/device found: 0x4ba00477 (mfg: 0x23b, part: 0x
ba00, ver: 0x4)
Info : JTAG tap: stm32f4x.bs tap/device found: 0x06413041 (mfg: 0x020, part: 0x6
413, ver: 0x0)
target state: halted
target halted due to debug-request, current mode: Thread
xPSR: 0x01000000 pc: 0x0800a1a0 msp: 0x20020000
auto erase enabled
Info : device id = 0x10016413
Info : flash size = 1024kbytes
wrote 524288 bytes from file bin/http_server.elf in 18.723015s (27.346 KiB/s)
Info : JTAG tap: stm32f4x.cpu tap/device found: 0x4ba00477 (mfg: 0x23b, part: 0xba00, ver: 0x4)
Info : JTAG tap: stm32f4x.bs tap/device found: 0x06413041 (mfg: 0x020, part: 0x6413, ver: 0x0)
shutdown command invoked

```

5 Running the HTTP demo application via console

When the installation and compilation/programming is complete the HTTP demo application will start as soon as the evaluation kit is powered on.

A command line interface to the application is provided through the STM3210E serial port, or the pinouts on the STM324xG described in section 3.

Open up a terminal program (e.g. Minicom) and set the serial port settings to: 115200-8-N-1.

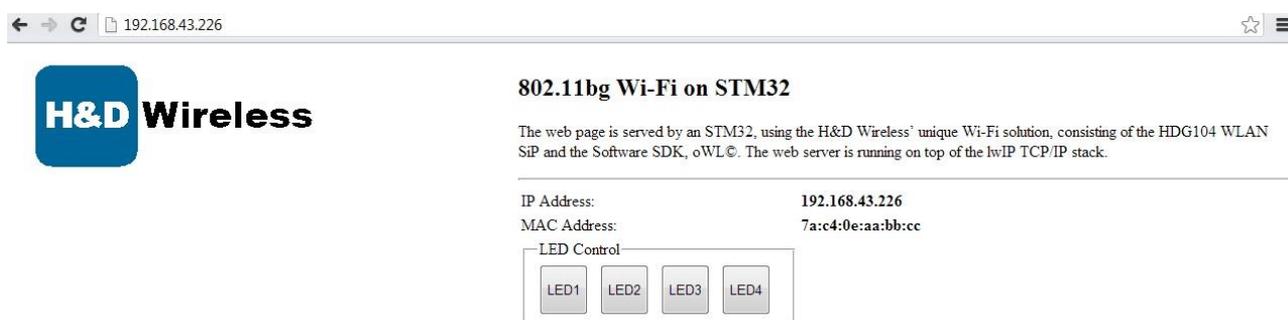
- Use the command “**scan**” to find available access points in the area. The list of available network is limited to 16 networks. If more networks are found, the 16 with the strongest signal will be shown.
- If WEP encryption is used in the access point, use the command “**setkey**” to set the appropriate key.
- If WPA/WPA2/RSN Pre-shared key security is used in the access point, use the command “**wpass**” to set the pass phrase.
- Use the command “**connect [access point]**” to make a connection to an access point (see figure below).
- If the key is wrong the application will continue to try to connect until the right key is set.

```

$ help
scan          scan for networks
connect       connect to network
wpass        set wpa passphrase
powersave    set powersave mode
psconf       config powersave mode
setkey       set wep key(s)
dhcp         enable dhcp
ifconfig     config ip address
ttcp        ttcp throughput test
help        print this information
$ █

```

The assigned IP address will be printed during the connection procedure. It should now be possible to connect to the web server using a browser on a PC that is connected to the same network.



It is possible to control and supervise the STM32 EVAL board through the web interface:

- Four buttons, LED0-3, are shown on the web page. When clicking a button, the corresponding LED on the STM3210E / STM324xG will toggle from disabled-state to enabled-state or vice versa.

See the HTTP demo application user guide [1543-DRF100 HTTP-demo Users Manual] for more information on how to use the HTTP demo application.

6 Running the HTTP demo application via the GUI

On the STM324xG, the HTTP demo can be run stand alone using the on board display and GUI.

The Web interface works the same way as when the application is controlled by console see 5. The network list after scan is limited to 16 networks.

The GUI-demo is precompiled and located in the owl_stm32-r3434 folder named http_server_gui.elf.

In the terminal, browse to the owl_stm32-r3434 folder.

Write: `$ openocd -f openocd/openocd_upload_f4_gui.cfg.`

This will program the STM324xG with the GUI-demo.

When finished, the GUI will be present on the screen.

The start menu will show four buttons:

(SCAN), scanning for nets.

(DHCP), used for setting DHCP on or off. In on mode the webserver will request an ip from the net connected to.

(WPASS), used for setting the WPA passphrase when connecting to nets using WPA/WPA2 protocol.
(WEPKEY), used for setting the WEPkey when connecting to nets with WEP protocol. The WEPkey has by default index 1. (Key 1).

Additional information is also shown:

(Bnd to:), shows the IP-address of the webserver.

(Co to:), shows the SSID of the net connected to.

(DHCP:), shows DHCP on or off.

(Wpass:), shows the WPA passphrase set by user.

(Wepkey:), shows the WEPkey set by user.

Start by pressing SCAN on the screen. This will scan the surrounding nets and show them in a list. After the SSID the encryption-type and rssi strength will be shown. If there are more than 8 nets available, a "NEXT" button will appear in the downright corner which will, if pressed, show the rest (up to 8 more) of the nets.

Press the BACK button to go back and set WPA passphrase or WEP or press SCAN again to update list of nets. Press the WPASS-button to set the WPA Passphrase. By pressing the "<" or ">" button different sets of symbols can be used to set passphrase. The button "<<" deletes one character in the passphrase (backspace). Press OK when done. In the startmenu you will see the passphrase set.

Now Press the SCAN button and select the net you want to connect to by pressing on the name of the net. When the connection is established the SSID of the net will be shown in the start menu.

Now press the DHCP button to set DHCP to on. If everything is ok the IP-adress of the webserver will be shown on the screen. (This can take a few seconds).

7 Further development and information

For information about how to develop custom WiFi applications using the H&D wireless interface, see the API documentation provided in the STM32 Software Framework.